# Canada's Clean Economy Tax Credits Receive Royal Assent



In order to encourage early adoption of clean technologies across Canada, and in response to the significant clean-technology incentives promulgated under the U.S. *Inflation Reduction Act*, the Federal Government of Canada introduced the following refundable, clean economy investment tax credits ("ITCs") over the course of Budgets 2022 to 2024:

- 1. Clean Technology ("Clean Tech") ITC
- 2. Carbon Capture, Utilization and Storage ("CCUS") ITC
- 3. Clean Hydrogen ("CH") ITC
- 4. Clean Technology Manufacturing ("CTM") ITC
- 5. Clean Electricity ITC

On Thursday, June 20, 2024, the enabling legislation for the first four of the above five ITCs (Bill C-59 and Bill C-69) received royal assent — an important legislative step toward the enactment of legislation which will have wide ranging impact across many key Canadian industry verticals.

The following provides a high-level summary of these four ITCs. Our bulletins for <u>Budget 2022</u>, <u>Budget 2023</u>, <u>Fall Economic Statement 2023</u> and <u>Budget 2024</u> contain details regarding the five clean economy ITCs. Some of our recent commentary regarding the potential opportunities available to Canadian firms under U.S. clean-tech incentives can be found here: <u>Tightening American clean vehicle tax credit may create advantage for Canadian firms</u>.

Clean Tech ITC						
Timing	Acquired	On or afte 28, 2 and befor	023	<i>On</i> or <i>after</i> March 28, 2023		
	Becomes available for use	On or afte 28, 2 and befor	023	In 2034		
	Prepared or installed <i>on</i> or <i>after</i>	Nov. 28, 2023	/	Nov. 28, 2023	/	
Meets labour requirements		Yes	No	Yes	No	
	Clean Tech ITC	30%	20%	15%	5%	
	Qualifying taxpayer	<ul> <li>Taxable Canadian corporation;</li> <li>REIT; or</li> <li>Taxable Canadian corporation or REIT that is a member of a partnership (subject to partnership rules)</li> <li>Excludes: individuals, trusts (other than REIT), pension funds</li> </ul>				

### Clean technology property

- Situated in Canada and intended for use exclusively in Canada
  - 2. Has not been previously used, or acquired for use or lease
- 3. If the property is leased to another person, that person be a qualifying taxpayer or partnership all members of which are taxable Canadian corporations, and the lease must be in the ordinary course of taxpayer's business of selling or servicing the property or of financing the acquisition of the property
  - 4. Types of qualifying equipment:
- 1. Electricity generation systems, including solar, wind and water (small hydro, run-of-river, wave, and tidal);
- 2. Fossil-fuel free stationary
   electricity storage equipment,
   including batteries, flywheels,
  supercapacitors, and certain storage;
- 3. Low-carbon heat equipment,
  including active solar heating
  equipment, air-source heat pumps and
   ground-source heat pumps;
  - 4. Industrial zero-emission vehicle and related charging or refueling equipment;
    - 5. Eligible geothermal equipment, including pipes, pumps, heat exchangers;
- 6. Concentrated solar energy
  equipment used all or substantially
  all to generate heat or electricity, or
  a combination, exclusively from
  concentrated sunlight; or
- 7. Small modular nuclear reactors used all or substantially all to generate electrical energy or heat energy, or a combination, from nuclear fission.

Filing requirements  File prescribed form within 1 year after filing-due date for the taxati year (no late filings)				-		
	Recapture			10 calend	ar years	
	CCUS ITC					
Timing	Qualified CCUS Expenditure incurre	ed	2022 - 2030   2031 - 2040			2040
	Property prepared of installed on or after		Nov. 28, 2023	/	Nov. 28, 2023	/
Meets	s labour requirements		Yes	No	Yes	No
CCUS ITC	CCUS projects capturing carbon dioxide directly fro ambient air	om	60%	50%	30%	20%
	CCUS projects capturing carbon dioxide other than directly from ambien		50%	40%	25%	15%
	CCUS projects transporting, storing, or using carbon dioxide		37.5%	27.5%	18.75%	8.75%
	Qualifying taxpayer		<ul> <li>Taxable Canadian corporation;         or         <ul> <li>Taxable Canadian corporation             that is a member of a             partnership (subject to                 partnership rules)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Excludes: individuals, trusts,         <ul> <li>tax-exempt entities (e.g.,</li> <li>pension funds, REIT)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			

Qualified CCUS expenditure	Expenditures must relate to a qualified CCUS project and fall into one of the following four categories:  1. carbon capture expenditure 2. carbon transportation expenditure 3. carbon storage expenditure 4. carbon use expenditure				
Types of CCUS ITC	<ul> <li>Cumulative CCUS development tax credit: expenses incurred before the first day of commercial operations</li> <li>CCUS refurbishment tax credit: expenses incurred after the first day of commercial operations</li> </ul>				
Eligible jurisdiction	Currently available for storage in: • British Columbia • Alberta • Saskatchewan				
Filing requirement	File prescribed form on or before filing-due date (late filings may be accepted until 1 year after the filing-due date)				
Non-tax obligations	<ul><li>Knowledge sharing reports</li><li>Climate risk disclosure</li></ul> H ITC				

Timing	Acquired	On or after March		<i>On</i> or <i>after</i> March			
		28, 2023		28, 2023			
		and <i>before</i> 2034					
	Becomes available for	<i>On</i> or <i>after</i> March		In 2034			
	use	28, 2023					
		and <i>before</i> 2034					
	Prepared or	Nov. 28,	/	Nov. 28,	/		
	installed <i>on</i> or <i>after</i>	2023		2023			
Meets la	Meets labour requirements		No	Yes	No		
CH ITC	CI < 0.75	40%	30%	20%	10%		
(excl. clean ammonia	0.75 ≤ CI < 2	25%	15%	12.5%	2.5%		
equipment)	2 ≤ CI < 4	15%	5%	7.5%	Nil		
CH ITC (clean ammonia equipment)	CI ≤ 4	15%	5%	7.5%	Nil		
C	Qualifying		• Taxable Canadian corporation; or				
	taxpayer	• Taxable Canadian corporation that is a					
		member of a partnership (subject to partnership rules)  Excludes: individuals, trusts, tax-exempt entities (e.g., pension funds,			ject to		
					s. tax-		
		REIT)					

#### Eligible clean hydrogen property

- Use in connection with a qualified clean hydrogen project (government verification required) of the acquiring taxpayer in Canada
  - Has not been previously used, or acquired for use or lease
    - 3. Situated in Canada
    - 4. Types of qualifying equipment:
- Electrolysis equipment used all or substantially all to produce hydrogen through electrolysis of water;
- 3. **Clean ammonia equipment** used for the sole purpose of producing ammonia;
- 4. Dual-use electricity and heat equipment that is part of a clean hydrogen project and that supports the production of hydrogen by reforming natural gas and that is certain energy generation equipment, certain electrical transmission equipment, or certain energy distribution equipment;
- 5. Dual-use hydrogen and ammonia equipment that is part of a clean hydrogen project used for the generation of oxygen and nitrogen to be used in both hydrogen and ammonia production;
- 6. Integrated ancillary equipment to any of the equipment described above and used solely to support the functioning of such equipment within a hydrogen or ammonia production process as part of certain specified subsystems; or
  - 7. **Safety and monitoring equipment** used as part of a control,
    monitoring or safety system solely to
    support any of the equipment descried
    above.
    - 5. Cannot be excluded property

#### Filing requirement

File prescribed form within 1 year after filing-due date (no late filings)

Annual reporti	ng obligations	• ]	<ul><li>Information reporting</li><li>CI reporting</li></ul>			
Reca	oture		20 calendar years			
CTM ITC						
Timing	2024 - 2031	2032	2033	2034		
(property						
acquired and						
becomes						
available for						
use)						
CTM ITC	30%	20%	10%	5%		
Qualifying	• Taxable Canadian corporation; or					
taxpayer	• Taxable Canadian corporation that is a					
	member of a partnership (subject to					
	partnership rules)					
	<pre>Excludes: individuals, trusts, tax-exempt</pre>					
	entities (e.g., pension funds, REIT)					

## 1. Situated in Canada and intended for use CTM property exclusively in Canada 2. Has not been previously used, or acquired for use or lease 3. If the property is leased to another person, that person be a qualifying taxpayer or partnership all members of which are taxable Canadian corporations, and the lease must be in the ordinary course of carrying on a business in Canada by taxpayer whose principal business is one of the specified activities (or any combination thereof) 4. Types of qualifying equipment: 1. Certain machinery and equipment used for manufacturing or processing 2. Certain tangible property attached to buildings and other structures used for manufacturing or processing or that is required for machinery or equipment Certain property used for mineral extraction and processing: 4. Certain specialized tolling 5. Certain non-road vehicles and automotive equipment CTM use The use of the property must be: all or substantially all for certain qualified zero-emission technology manufacturing activities; or in a qualifying mineral activity producing all or substantially all qualifying materials (i.e., lithium, cobalt, nickel, copper, rare earth elements; and graphite). **Filing** File prescribed form within 1 year after filing-due date (no late filings) requirement 10 calendar years Recapture

Read the original article on <a href="GowlingWLG.com">GowlingWLG.com</a>

The content of this article is intended to provide a general guide to the subject matter. Specialist advice should be sought about your specific circumstances.

Authors: <u>Xin Jiang</u>, <u>Laura Gheorghiu</u>

Gowling WLG